

# Mercury Quantities

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## Mercury: Orbit

	Mercury	Earth	Mercury/Earth
Semi-major axis ( $10^6$ km)	57.9	149.6	0.387
Perihelion ( $10^6$ km)	46.0	147.1	0.313
Aphelion ( $10^6$ km)	69.8	152.1	0.459
Eccentricity	0.2056	0.0167	12.311
Inclination to ecliptic (deg)	7.00	0.00	-
Mean orbital velocity (m/s)	47.89	29.79	1.608
Sidereal orbital period (days)	87.969	365.256	0.241
Synodic period (days)	115.88	-	-
Sidereal rotation period (h)	1407.6	23.9345	58.785
Obliquity to orbit (deg)	-0.1	23.44	0.004

## Mercury: Body

	Mercury	Earth	Mercury/Earth
Mass ( $10^{24}$ kg)	0.3302	5.9736	0.055
Volume ( $10^{10}$ km $^3$ )	6.085	108.321	0.056
Equatorial radius (km)	2440	6378	0.38
Ellipticity	0.0000	0.0034	0.000
Mean density (g/cm $^3$ )	absolute Uncompressed	5.427 5.3	0.983 1.3
Eq. surface gravity (m/s $^2$ )	3.70	9.78	0.378
Escape velocity (km/s)	4.3	11.2	0.384
GM ( $10^6$ kg $^3$ /s $^2$ )	0.02203	0.3986	0.0553
Moment of inertia (C/MR $^2$ )	0.33	0.3308	0.998
J <sub>2</sub> ( $10^{-6}$ )	60	1082.63	0.055
Bond albedo	0.056	0.385	0.145
Visual geometric albedo	0.11	0.367	0.300
Visual magnitude V(1,0)	-0.42	-3.86	-
Solar irradiance (W/m $^2$ )	at perihelion at aphelion	14490 6290	1418 1326
Black-body temperature (K)	442.5 maximum minimum	247.3 about 400 about 200	9.786 4.743 1.789 - -

## Mercury: Magnetosphere & Exosphere

	Mercury	Earth	Mercury/Earth
Magnetic field	dipole moment (T $\cdot$ m $^3$ )	$\sim 5 \times 10^{12}$	$\sim 8 \times 10^{15}$
	at equator surface (nT)	$\sim 3 \times 10^2$	$3 \times 10^4$
	at polar surface(nT)	$\sim 6 \times 10^2$	$6 \times 10^4$
Atmosphere	at dayside surface (/cm $^3$ )	$\sim 10^6$	$\sim 3 \times 10^{19}$
	ionosphere[F-layer] (/cm $^3$ )	---	$\sim 2 \times 10^6$
Solar wind	composition	O,Na,He,K,H,Ca	N <sub>2</sub> , O <sub>2</sub> , Ar
	velocity (km/s)	$\sim 430$	$\sim 430$
	density (/cm $^3$ )	$\sim 73\text{-}32$	$\sim 7$
Magnetopause	magnetic field (nT)	$\sim 46\text{-}21$	$\sim 6$
	Alfven velocity (km/s)	$\sim 120\text{-}80$	$\sim 50$
	distance (subsolunar)	$\sim 1.4R_M$	$\sim 10R_E$
Bow shock	distance (subsolunar)	$\sim 2R_M$	$\sim 15R_E$